Caldwell Parish Council on Aging

Substance Abuse Management Policy

In accordance with USDOT and FTA Regulations

Caldwell Parish Council on Aging is dedicated to providing safe, dependable, and economical transportation service to its patrons. Caldwell Parish Council on Aging employees are a valuable resource and it is our agency's goal to provide a safe, healthy and satisfying working environment, free of the potential dangers posed by a safety-sensitive employee's use of prohibited drugs or misuse of alcohol.

This policy is established to comply with the Federal Transit Administration regulations codified as 49 CFR Part 655, as amended and USDOT regulations codified as 49 CFR Part 40, as amended. *Policy provisions authorized by Caldwell Parish Council on Aging are italicized and bolded throughout this policy.* All other policy provisions are implemented under the authority of the United States Department of Transportation (USDOT) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA).

Date Revised: 04/21/2025

Adopted by: Signature		
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Danny Childress	CCOA Board President	
Print name	Title	

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1. Testing Program Background

The Omnibus Transportation Employee Testing Act of 1991 (OTETA) directed the United States Department of Transportation (USDOT) to promulgate regulations outlining the procedures for transportation workplace drug and alcohol testing. The USDOT regulations titled, "Procedures for Transportation Workplace Drug and Alcohol Testing" are codified as 49 CFR Part 40. The regulations ensure uniform practices for specimen collections, laboratory analysis, medical review, result reporting and the Return-to-Duty process for violating employees. The regulations are applicable to safety-sensitive employees in transportation workplaces throughout the nation (transit, railroad, aviation, commercial drivers, etc.).

The OTETA also directed each transportation administration to craft industry-specific regulations that define which employees are subject to testing, the testing circumstances, policy statement requirements and training requirements, relevant to that industry. Caldwell Parish Council on Aging is required to comply with both the USDOT regulations described above, as well as the Federal Transit Administration regulations "Prevention of Prohibited Drug Use and Alcohol Misuse in Transit Operations" which are codified as 49 CFR Part 655.

2. Employee Applicability

This policy and the USDOT/FTA testing program apply to all safety-sensitive Caldwell Parish Council on Aging employees. The policy also applies to volunteers who are required to hold a Commercial Driver's License (CDL) and volunteers that receive remuneration in excess of actual expenses accrued while carrying out assigned duties. Adherence to this policy and the USDOT/FTA testing program is a condition of employment in a safety-sensitive position with Caldwell Parish Council on Aging. All employees of Caldwell Parish Council on Aging who perform, or could be called upon to perform, any of the following duties are defined as safety-sensitive employees:

- 1. Operate a public transportation vehicle, while in or out of service
- 2. Operate an ancillary vehicle when the vehicle requires a commercial driver's license
- 3. Control the movement of a public transportation vehicle
- 4. Perform maintenance on a vehicle or equipment used in public transportation
- 5. Carry a firearm as part of transit security detail

The Caldwell Parish Council on Aging positions classified as safety-sensitive include:

- Drivers
- Dispatchers
- Maintenance personnel
- Administration

3. USDOT/FTA Prohibited Drug Classes

Consumption of these drugs is prohibited at all times.

- Amphetamines
- Cocaine
- Marijuana
- Opioids
- Phencyclidine (PCP)

4. Pre-employment Drug and Alcohol Background Checks

In accordance with 49 CFR Part 40.25, Caldwell Parish Council on Aging must make and document good faith efforts to perform drug and alcohol background checks for all applicants applying for a safety-sensitive position and all current employees applying for transfer into a safety-sensitive position. Testing information will be requested from each of the applicant's previous DOT covered employers during the two years prior to the date of application. Caldwell Parish Council on Aging must obtain the applicant's written consent for the release of their drug and alcohol testing information from their previous DOT covered employers to Caldwell Parish Council on Aging. Applicants refusing to provide written consent are prohibited from performing safety-sensitive functions for Caldwell Parish Council on Aging.

Safety-sensitive applicants who have previously violated the USDOT testing program must provide documentation that they have successfully completed the USDOT's Return-to-Duty process with a DOT-qualified Substance Abuse Professional (SAP). Failure to provide satisfactory documentation will exclude the applicant from being hired or transferred into a safety-sensitive position with Caldwell Parish Council on Aging.

5. **Pre-Employment Testing**

All applicants for safety-sensitive positions shall undergo a pre-employment urine drug test. Caldwell Parish Council on Aging must receive an MRO-verified negative drug test result prior to the applicant's first performance of any safety sensitive function, including behind-thewheel training.

If an applicant's pre-employment urine drug test result is verified as positive, the applicant will be excluded from consideration for employment in a safety-sensitive position with Caldwell Parish Council on Aging. The applicant will be provided a list of USDOT-qualified Substance Abuse Professionals.

An employee returning from an extended leave period of 90 consecutive days or more, and whose name was <u>also</u> removed from the random testing pool for 90 days or more, must submit to a pre-employment urine drug test. <u>Caldwell Parish Council on Aging must be in receipt of a negative drug test result prior to the employee resuming any safety-sensitive function.</u>

6. Random Testing

Safety-sensitive employees will be subject to random, unannounced testing. Caldwell Parish Council on Aging will perform random testing in a manner that meets or exceeds the FTA minimum annual testing requirements, as amended. The selection of employees for random testing will be made using a scientifically valid method. All safety-sensitive employees will have an equal chance of being selected each time a random draw is performed. Random alcohol tests will be conducted just before, during or just after the employee's performance of a safety-sensitive function. Random drug tests may be conducted anytime an employee is on duty, on call for duty or on standby for duty.

Once an employee is notified that they have been selected for a random test, they must proceed immediately to the testing location. Failure to proceed immediately may be deemed a refusal to test.

7. Reasonable Suspicion Testing

All safety-sensitive employees must submit to reasonable suspicion drug and/or alcohol testing when a supervisor or company official trained in detecting signs and symptoms of drug use and alcohol misuse has made specific, contemporaneous, articulable observations concerning an employee's appearance, speech, behavior and/or body odor. Reasonable suspicion testing for alcohol misuse will occur when observations are made just before, during, or just after the employee's performance of a safety-sensitive function. Reasonable suspicion testing for prohibited drugs may be conducted anytime an employee is on duty or on standby for duty and a trained supervisor has made the observations.

8. Post-Accident Testing

<u>Fatal Accidents</u>: Safety-sensitive employees must submit to post-accident drug <u>and</u> alcohol testing following an accident involving a public transportation vehicle that results in the loss of human life. In addition to a surviving operator of the vehicle, any other surviving, safety-sensitive employee whose performance could have contributed to the accident must also be tested.

<u>Non-Fatal Accidents</u>: All safety-sensitive employees whose actions cannot be completely discounted as a contributing factor must submit to post-accident drug and alcohol testing when a non-fatal accident meets one or more of the following thresholds:

- 1. An individual suffers bodily injury and immediately receives medical treatment away from the scene
- 2. One or more vehicles incurs disabling damage that <u>requires</u> the vehicle(s) to be towed away from the accident scene
- 3. If the public transportation vehicle is a rail car, trolley car, trolley bus or vessel and has been removed from service.

Caldwell Parish Council on Aging officials will use the best information available at the scene, to determine if a safety-sensitive employee's performance can be completely discounted as a contributing factor to the accident.

Post-accident drug and alcohol tests will be conducted as soon as practicable following the accident. Any safety-sensitive employee involved in an accident must refrain from alcohol use for eight (8) hours following the accident or until the employee undergoes a post-accident alcohol test. Any safety-sensitive employee who leaves the scene of the accident without a justifiable reason or explanation prior to submitting to drug and alcohol testing will be deemed to have refused the test. However, employees are not prohibited from leaving the scene of an accident to obtain assistance in responding to the accident or to obtain necessary emergency medical care.

9. Urine Specimen Collections

Urine specimen collections will be conducted in accordance with USDOT rule, 49 CFR Part 40, as amended. Collectors will be appropriately trained and qualified to perform urine specimen collections for USDOT covered employers. Urine specimen collectors will use the split-specimen collection method and will afford the donor (employee) the greatest degree of privacy permitted per 49 CFR Part 40, as amended. When an observed collection is required, the observer will be of the same gender as the donor (employee).

10. Refusal to Submit to Urine Drug Testing

The following actions constitute a "refusal to test" in accordance with 49 CFR Part 40, as amended:

- (1) Failure to appear for any test within a reasonable time, as determined by the employer, consistent with applicable DOT agency regulations, after being directed to do so by the employer (pre-employment testing not applicable).
- (2) Failure to remain at the testing site until the testing process is completed (after the process has been started)
- (3) Failure to provide a urine specimen for any drug test required by this part or DOT agency regulations
- (4) In the case of a directly observed or monitored collection in a drug test, fail to permit the observation or monitoring of your provision of a specimen
- (5) Failure to provide a sufficient amount of urine when directed, and it has been determined, through a required medical evaluation, that there was no adequate medical explanation for the failure
- (6) Failure or decline to take an additional drug test the employer or collector has directed you to take
- (7) Failure to undergo a medical examination or evaluation, as directed by the MRO as part of the verification process, or as directed by Caldwell Parish Council on Aging
- (8) Failure to cooperate with any part of the testing process (e.g., refuse to empty pockets when directed by the collector, behave in a confrontational way that disrupts the collection process, fail to wash hands after being directed to do so by the collector).
- (9) For an observed collection, failure to follow the observer's instructions to raise your

clothing above the waist, lower clothing and underpants, and to turn around to permit the observer to determine if you have any type of prosthetic or other device that could be used to interfere with the collection process.

- (10) Possessing or wearing a prosthetic or other device that could be used to interfere with the collection process.
- (11) Admitting to the collector or MRO that you adulterated or substituted the specimen.
- (12) When the MRO verifies your drug test result as adulterated or substituted.

Refusing to submit to a USDOT/FTA required test is a violation of the USDOT/FTA testing program. Employees are required to be immediately removed from safety-sensitive duty and provided a list of USDOT-qualified Substance Abuse Professionals. *Per Caldwell Parish Council on Aging authority, violation of the USDOT/FTA testing program will result in termination of employment.*

11. Urine Specimen Analysis

All specimens will be transported or shipped to a laboratory certified by the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS). All specimens will be analyzed at the laboratory in accordance with 49 CFR Part 40, as amended. The procedures that will be used to test for the presence of prohibited drugs will protect the employee and the integrity of the drug testing process, safeguard the validity of the test results and ensure that the test results are attributed to the correct employee. Laboratory confirmed drug test results will be released only to a certified Medical Review Officer (MRO) for review and verification.

Negative-Dilute Specimens

Upon receipt of an MRO verified negative-dilute drug test result with creatinine levels greater than 5 mg/dl and less than 20 mg/dl, Caldwell Parish Council on Aging will require applicants and employees to submit to a second urine collection per 49 CFR Part 40.197. The collection of the second specimen will not be conducted using direct observation procedures. The MRO verified result of the second urine drug test will be accepted by Caldwell Parish Council on Aging as the final result and the test of record. Caldwell Parish Council on Aging will apply this policy provision uniformly for all pre-employment and random urine drug tests reported by the Medical Review Officer to have creatinine levels greater than 5mg/dl but less than 20mg/dl (negative-dilute results). Once notified that a second collection is required, employees must proceed immediately for testing. An employee's failure to report immediately may be deemed as a refusal to submit to testing, which is a violation of the USDOT/FTA testing program. Per Caldwell Parish Council on Aging authority, violation of the USDOT/FTA testing program will result in termination of employment.

12. Role of the Medical Review Officer (MRO)

The role of the Medical Review Officer is to review and verify laboratory confirmed test results obtained through a DOT-covered employer's testing program. When a non-negative drug test result is received, the MRO will communicate with the donor (employee) to determine if a legitimate medical explanation exists. When a legally prescribed medication has produced a

non-negative result, the MRO will verify the prescription and report the result as "negative" to Caldwell Parish Council on Aging. Medical conditions and other information obtained by the MRO during the interview with the donor will be maintained in a confidential manner. However, if the MRO believes that a medication prescribed to the donor may pose a significant safety risk, the MRO will require the donor to contact his/her prescribing physician and request that the physician contact the MRO within 5 business days. The MRO and prescribing physician will consult to determine if the employee's medication use presents a significant safety risk. Caldwell Parish Council on Aging will be notified by the MRO when the outcome of the consultation results in a determination that the donor's medication use presents a significant safety risk. If the employee's prescribing physician fails to respond, the safety concern will be reported to Caldwell Parish Council on Aging without consultation. Based on the MRO recommendation, Caldwell Parish Council on Aging may deem the employee medically disqualified from performing safety-sensitive functions.

13. Consequence for MRO Verified Positive Drug Test

When Caldwell Parish Council on Aging is notified of an MRO verified positive drug test, or a test refusal due to adulteration or substitution; the violating employee will be immediately removed from safety-sensitive duty and provided a list of DOT-qualified Substance Abuse Professionals. Applicants will be excluded from hire and provided a list of DOT-qualified Substance Abuse Professionals. Per Caldwell Parish Council on Aging authority, violation of the USDOT/FTA testing program will result in termination of employment.

14. Split Specimen Testing

As an important employee protection, split specimen collection procedures will be used for all USDOT/FTA urine collections. When an employee challenges an MRO verified result, he/she may request that the split specimen (bottle B) be tested at a different DHHS certified laboratory that conducted the test of the primary specimen (bottle A). Instructions for requesting the split specimen test will be provided by the Medical Review Officer during his/her interview with the donor (employee). In accordance with USDOT rule, Caldwell Parish Council on Aging will ensure that the fee to process the split specimen test is covered, in order for a timely analysis of the split specimen. Caldwell Parish Council on Aging may seek reimbursement for the cost of the split specimen test.

15. Alcohol Prohibition

Safety-sensitive employees are prohibited from consuming alcohol while performing safety-sensitive functions, within (4) four hours prior to performing a safety sensitive function, or during the hours that they are on call or standby for duty. No safety-sensitive employee shall report for duty or remain on duty while having an alcohol concentration of 0.02 or greater. Safety-sensitive employees must not consume alcohol within eight (8) hours following an accident or until the employee submits to post-accident testing, whichever occurs first.

16. Alcohol Testing

All alcohol screening tests and confirmation tests will be performed in accordance with USDOT rule, 49 CFR Part 40. The procedures that will be used to test for alcohol misuse will protect

the employee and the integrity of the testing process, safeguard the validity of the test results, and ensure the test results are attributed to the correct employee.

When an alcohol-screening test indicates a blood alcohol concentration (BAC) of 0.02 or greater, a confirmation test will be performed using an evidential breath-testing device listed on the USDOT/ODAPC webpage as an "Approved Evidential Breath Measurement Device". The confirmed blood alcohol concentration (BAC) result will be transmitted by the technician to Caldwell Parish Council on Aging in a confidential manner. A safety-sensitive employee who has a confirmed blood alcohol concentration (BAC) of 0.02 or greater but less than 0.04 will be removed from safety-sensitive duties for a period of at least (8) eight hours or until test results fall below 0.02.

17. Consequence for a USDOT/FTA Confirmed Alcohol Violation

A safety-sensitive employee who has a confirmed blood alcohol concentration (BAC) of 0.04 or greater has violated the USDOT/FTA testing program and will be removed from safety-sensitive duty and provided a list of DOT-qualified Substance Abuse Professionals. *Per Caldwell Parish Council on Aging authority, violation of the USDOT/FTA testing program will result in termination of employment.*

18. Refusal to Submit to Alcohol Testing

The following actions constitute a refusal to submit to an alcohol test:

- (1) Fail to appear for any test within a reasonable time, as determined by the employer, consistent with applicable DOT agency regulations, after being directed to do so by the employer.
- (2) Fail to remain at the testing site until the testing process is complete
- (3) Fail to provide an adequate amount of saliva or breath for any USDOT required alcohol test
- (4) Fail to provide a sufficient breath specimen, and the physician has determined, through a required medical evaluation, that there was no adequate medical explanation for the failure
- (5) Fail to undergo a medical examination or evaluation, as directed by the [Agency]
- (6) Fail to sign the certification at Step 2 of the ATF
- (7) Fail to cooperate with any part of the testing process.

Refusing to submit to a USDOT/FTA required test is a violation of USDOT/FTA testing program. Employees must be immediately removed from safety-sensitive duty and provided a list of USDOT-qualified Substance Abuse Professionals. *Per Caldwell Parish Council on Aging authority, violation of the USDOT/FTA testing program will result in termination of employment.*

19. Caldwell Parish Council on Aging Testing Program Contacts

Any questions regarding this policy or any other aspect of the substance abuse policy should be directed to the following individual(s):

Executive Director PO Box 1498 Columbia, LA 71418 318-649-2584

Further information may be obtained from the USDOT's Office of Drug and Alcohol Policy and Compliance website: https://www.transportation.gov/odapc and the Federal Transit Administration's (FTA) website: https://transit-safety.fta.dot.gov/DrugAndAlcohol/Default.aspx